

Balanced Boolean Functions with Nonlinearity $> 2^{n-1} - 2^{(n-1)/2}$

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Abstract. Recently, balanced 15-variable Boolean functions with nonlinearity 16266 were obtained by suitably modifying unbalanced Patterson-Wiedemann (PW) functions, which possess nonlinearity $2^{n-1} - 2^{(n-1)/2} + 20 = 16276$. In this short paper, we present an idempotent (interpreted as rotation symmetric Boolean function) with nonlinearity 16268 having 15 many zeroes in the Walsh spectrum, within the neighborhood of PW functions. Clearly this function can be transformed to balanced functions keeping the nonlinearity and autocorrelation distribution unchanged. The nonlinearity value of 16268 is currently the best known for balanced 15-variable Boolean functions. Furthermore, we have attained several balanced 13-variable Boolean functions with nonlinearity 4036, which improves the recent result of 4034.

1 Introduction

The problem of constructing balanced Boolean functions on odd number of variables having nonlinearity greater than the bent concatenation bound of $2^{n-1} - 2^{(n-1)/2}$, is an important open question in the related literature [7, 9, 10] and the references therein. Recently, in [9], balanced 15-variable Boolean functions with nonlinearity $2^{15-1} - 2^{(15-1)/2} + 10 = 16266$ were obtained by systematically modifying the structure of the PW functions in the space of rotation symmetric Boolean functions (RSBFs). Notice that the idempotents can be seen as RSBFs with proper choice of basis [1, 2]. Before [9], the structure of the PW functions had been modified using heuristic search to get balanced Boolean functions having nonlinearity $2^{15-1} - 2^{(15-1)/2} + 6 = 16262$ on 15-variables [7, 10]. Here, we present a 15-variable Boolean function $f : GF(2^n) \rightarrow GF(2)$, which is idempotent (i.e., $f(\alpha^2) = f(\alpha)$ for any $\alpha \in GF(2^n)$) with nonlinearity $2^{15-1} - 2^{(15-1)/2} + 12 = 16268$ and 15 many zeroes in its Walsh spectrum. Moreover, we have obtained several balanced 13-variable Boolean functions with nonlinearity $2^{13-1} - 2^{(13-1)/2} + 4 = 4036$, which exceeds the recent result [11] of 4034. Such functions could be constructed by using the unbalanced 9-variable Boolean functions with nonlinearity 242 [12].

We use the steepest-descent like search strategy that first appeared in [5] and later modified for a search in the class of RSBFs [6]. For the 15-variable case, we initialize the algorithm with PW functions, and find the function with nonlinearity 16268 and 15 many Walsh zeroes in the neighborhood of PW functions. Clearly this function can be transformed to balanced functions keeping the nonlinearity and autocorrelation distribution unchanged. The nonlinearity value of 16268 is the best known till date for balanced 15-variable Boolean functions and improves the

result in [9]. For the 13-variable case, we adapt our search strategy to the idea in [7, 10, 11] described in Section 4 and improve the nonlinearity result from 4034 to 4036.

2 Background

Let $f : \text{GF}(2^n) \rightarrow \text{GF}(2)$ be a Boolean function and $\zeta \in \text{GF}(2^n)$ be a primitive element. The Patterson-Wiedemann construction [8] can be interpreted in terms of the interleaved sequence [3] obtained from the $2^n - 1$ elements of the truth table of f organized in a specific way. The ordered sequence $\{f(1), f(\zeta), f(\zeta^2), \dots, f(\zeta^{2n-2})\}$ is called the sequence associated to f with respect to ζ . Conversely, if $\mathbf{A} = \{a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{m-1}\}$ where $m = 2^n - 1$, the function f with $f(\zeta^i) = a_i$ for $i = 0, 1, \dots, m-1$ and $f(0) = 0$, is called the function corresponding to the sequence \mathbf{A} with respect to the primitive element ζ [3].

Definition 1. Suppose m is a composite number such that $m = d \cdot k$ where d and k are both positive integers greater than 1, \mathbf{A} is a binary sequence $\{a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{m-1}\}$ where $a_i \in \{0, 1\}$ for all i , then the (d, k) -interleaved sequence $\mathbf{A}_{d,k}$ corresponding to the binary sequence \mathbf{A} is defined as

$$\mathbf{A}_{d,k} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 & a_1 & a_2 & \dots & a_{(d-1)} \\ a_d & a_{1+d} & a_{2+d} & \dots & a_{(d-1)+d} \\ a_{2d} & a_{1+2d} & a_{2+2d} & \dots & a_{(d-1)+2d} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{(k-1)d} & a_{1+(k-1)d} & a_{2+(k-1)d} & \dots & a_{(d-1)+(k-1)d} \end{bmatrix}$$

Let $m = 2^n - 1 = d \cdot k$, then for any function $f : \text{GF}(2^n) \rightarrow \text{GF}(2)$ and a primitive element $\zeta \in \text{GF}(2^n)$, an interleaved sequence $\mathbf{A}_{d,k}$ can be constructed such that $a_{i+\lambda d} = f(\zeta^{i+\lambda d})$ for all $i = 0, 1, 2, \dots, d-1$ and $\lambda = 0, 1, 2, \dots, k-1$. This interleaved sequence is called the (d, k) -interleaved sequence corresponding to f with respect to ζ . The Patterson-Wiedemann construction is formally described as follows [3, 4].

Definition 2. Let n be a positive odd integer such that $n = t \cdot q$ where both t and q are primes and $t > q$. Let the product $\mathcal{K} = \text{GF}(2^t)^* \cdot \text{GF}(2^q)^*$ be the cyclic group of order $k = (2^t - 1)(2^q - 1)$ in $\text{GF}(2^n)$. Let $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$ be the group of Frobenius automorphisms where $\phi_2 : \text{GF}(2^n) \rightarrow \text{GF}(2^n)$ is defined by $x \rightarrow x^2$. We call a function f “Patterson-Wiedemann type” if it is invariant under the action of both \mathcal{K} and $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$.

Let $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, d-1\}$ be the set of column numbers of the (d, k) -interleaved sequence of a Boolean function. The equivalence relation between the columns i and j , denoted by ρ_d is defined as follows:

$$i \rho_d j \Leftrightarrow \text{there exists a positive integer } s \text{ such that } i \equiv j \cdot 2^s \pmod{d}.$$

From Definition 2, it is deduced that (d, k) -interleaved sequence of a PW function consists of either all 0 or all 1 columns, since it is invariant under the action of \mathcal{K} . Further, the columns in each equivalence class with respect to ρ_d have the same value because of the invariance of the PW function under the action of $\langle \phi_2 \rangle$.

For $n=15$, as the PW functions can be described by $(151, 217)$ -interleaved sequences [3]; partitioning the columns $(0, 1, 2, \dots, 150)$ with respect to the equivalence relation ρ_d , one obtains 11 equivalence classes. In the search space of size 2^{11} , there are four PW functions achieving the nonlinearity values of 16268 and 16276. For each nonlinearity, there exist exactly two PW functions which are not affine equivalent.

3 The 15-variable Function

We refer to [6] for basic definitions of nonlinearity, Walsh spectrum, Rotation Symmetric Boolean Functions RSBFs and the search strategy.

We first apply change of bases to get RSBF forms of the PW functions as in [9], using the primitive polynomial $p(x) = x^{15} + x + 1$ over GF(2) and the normal basis of $\zeta^{(2^i \cdot 29) \bmod (2^{15}-1)}$ for $i = 0, 1, \dots, 14$ where $\zeta \in \text{GF}(2^{15})$ is a primitive element.

We use our steepest-descent like search strategy adapted for a search in the class of RSBFs [6]. By setting the maximum iteration number to 60,000, we make four runs of the algorithm initialized with each of the four PW functions mentioned above. One of these runs has yielded a 15-variable RSBF having nonlinearity 16268 and 15 many Walsh zeroes at the 46,869th iteration step. Now we present this function after describing the initial PW function:

Let us denote the smallest column number in the j^{th} equivalence class by l_j , where $j = 0, 1, \dots, 10$. Then, l_j 's are obtained as $(0, 1, 3, 5, 7, 11, 15, 17, 23, 35, 37)$, for $j = 0$ to 10 as in [3]. Consider the PW function of nonlinearity 16268 with truth table values $(1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1)$ corresponding to columns numbered $(l_0, l_1, \dots, l_{10})$. Notice that the PW functions do not contain any zeroes in the Walsh spectrum. We transform this function to an RSBF and use it to initialize the algorithm. The search strategy toggles the truth table of the PW function corresponding to the following 20 orbits, ranked in the order of increasing orbit leaders:

- $(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)$ of size 1,
- $(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1)$ of size 5,
- $(0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1)$ of size 5,
- $(0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
- $(0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 5,

$(0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ of size 15,
 $(0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1)$ of size 5,
 $(0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 5,
 $(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1)$ of size 1.

The resulting 15-variable RSBF (say f) has nonlinearity 16268 and 15 many zeroes in its Walsh spectrum corresponding to the orbit represented by $w = (0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1)$. Then $f'(x) = f(x) \oplus u \cdot x$ will be balanced, if u is an element of the orbit represented by w . The nonlinearity value of 16268 is the best known till date for balanced 15-variable Boolean functions and improves the nonlinearity result in [9]. Choosing w as given above, the truth table of the balanced 15-variable Boolean function $f'(x) = f(x) \oplus w \cdot x$ with nonlinearity 16268 is given in Appendix A.

4 The 13-variable Function

Let f be the unbalanced 9-variable Boolean function with nonlinearity 242, for which the corresponding truth table is given as follows [12]:

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125425D30A398F36508C06817BEE122E250D973314F976AED58A3EA9120DA4FE
0E4D4575C42DD0426365EBA7FC5F45BE9B2F336981B5E1863618F49474F6FE00
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Following a similar construction to the one in [11], let $f_1(x) = f(x) \oplus w \cdot x$, where $w = (0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ and $x \in \{0, 1\}^9$. Since the Walsh spectrum value of f corresponding to $w = (0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1)$ is equal to 4, the 0th component in the Walsh spectrum of f_1 becomes 4. Then, the 13-variable Boolean function $g = h(y_0, y_1, y_2, y_3) \oplus f_1(x_0, \dots, x_8)$ has the nonlinearity of $2^{13-1} - 2^{(13-1)/2} + 8 = 4040$ where h is a 4-variable bent function. Besides, its Walsh spectrum value corresponding to $w = (0, \dots, 0)$ is either 16 or -16. In particular, we consider the bent function $h = (0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0)$.

Similar to the idea in [7, 10], the truth table of the 13-variable function is toggled from 0 to 1 at eight many random positions in [11], which provides a balanced function having nonlinearity ≥ 4032 . So, the problem is to find those 8 positions, which would yield a nonlinearity > 4032 . We have adapted our search strategy for this issue as follows. Initially we toggle eight bits of the unbalanced function $g = h(y_0, y_1, y_2, y_3) \oplus f_1(x_0, \dots, x_8)$ randomly, to obtain a balanced g' . Then, at each iteration of the algorithm, we make a systematic search within the intersection of two sets: balanced 2-bit neighborhood of g' and 8-bit neighborhood of g . This intersection set contains 8×2^{12} many balanced functions and the function with the lowest cost is selected as the input of the next iteration. Setting the maximum iteration number to 30, a typical run of the algorithm takes around 10 minutes. At each run, we could obtain balanced 13-variable functions with nonlinearity 4036. As an example, the indices of g (with nonlinearity 4040) we toggle, to obtain the function g' with nonlinearity 4036 are 4667, 4758, 4807, 4823, 4913, 5042, 8133, 8187 (where the truth table is indexed from 0 to 8191). The truth table of g' is presented in Appendix B.

A more detailed explanation of the search strategies for the 13 and 15-variable cases will be provided in the full version of the paper.

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Appendix A – Truth Table of the Balanced 15-variable Function with Nonlinearity 16268, Degree 13, and Absolute Indicator Value 208

A1C4C8B676F90D4103EF8351938EF32F93377A93B9D85E94057356D5C298242D50338D43030EBF9C1CEF30FC4F2AFEF279F053DDE011350E
DC9AA13DF58CB8E0BC2238D469EF6663DCC396E1986119CC4CC3E8722C6866E6C7DBE4C37A97DFE88E3D3C5ED98B256A3D942F32B0297B
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DE256654B8EE44EB95AB8CE971F26A0D9C98070A140265D3D042B76E9CCF9DC80A29B4557F39B0BABF189DEBEE635299C61086D2155520C
41FOA970A32932B8E3A64E78C98631DC8C1A452093A6E35357E8B0EED203254F8CFE58DA917CE5C0494DB571B98E83C4C03A64F3AF6FDD0
71570AA07D81B23AFB57CD3E9F3334FE368C2C91842F8AE2253E29A04BF82CD0CEA6273E957B77BEA7087EC679F8901AF01AB85C641F752
9E2A65E0EA40A35712F25D6E8E42C9468EEF8B1D69F40CC14FD78ED7D488159D37541A18B886068F365F2FC153B
54DD3787AB2499067C0A611F05A3B31E4EEDC7C944A397A3A059D7H9447AF2591E62BC4B981F8FFB559FB2B2C0614208B6FF10B4EDA3C77
F23F6D2DE55103D61A62DEAB2618240781DCA4E8B684F8BDC851A8FB9D7B30C9F9727B4FB65ECB28AAD8E1AF2A37A177A0477EEDB297D53F
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3D13E44315E5DAD5EDC796A2D951CFAE5656A6AD763C179729E27B7B1F6B78B5D6B5B7C8E9F489B5CAF8E2F2B24080A4D34F4D310
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801E0590C47483CDFC1433518C5383B1A9983E1A96146782F712B0A81B3100236E57B67B70B1D376989812C231AD4B9471E7F6382B458E262
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E9203C428AC7D3F7E7FBF5EAF2A609D45ECC021196CD94387477FCE700628954F57587C6FBC504C8B2263BF46EDCA853A2DA81384FB6C210
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E1B258E3861A84C47601583F3D2B8C189B60DA5C37232E549DBBB4F672B3A9F9AE2A882189B88F0BAE1B9B14204A4D07F99A056E76
6282D161DEC8EDE425B52BA4052647E8B5E530107F677A37B0DEF7545AF39E9A7195E76D1A568FA47423DEB866944FF957E6BF7B08B8B67
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Appendix B – Truth Table of the Balanced 13-variable Function with Nonlinearity 4036, Degree 11, and Absolute Indicator Value 536

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